Chapter 9.18
NOISE CONTROL

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9.18.010 Purpose.

The purpose of this chapter is to minimize the exposure of citizens to the harmful physiological and psychological effects of excessive noise. The intent of the city council is to control the level of noise pollution in a manner which promotes commerce; the use, value, and enjoyment of property; sleep and repose; and the quality of the environment by establishing maximum environmental noise levels applicable within designated areas or zones of the city; to adopt appropriate exemptions to the provisions of this chapter to allow for the functioning of commercial business and the operation of construction and emergency equipment; and to declare certain noise-producing activities to be noise disturbances. (Ord. 5719 § 2, 2007; Ord. 4241 § 2, 1991.)

9.18.015 Definitions.

All terminology used in this chapter which is not defined below shall be interpreted in conformance with the most recent definitions used by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) or its successor body.

A. “Arterial” means a principal, minor or collector arterial as now or hereafter defined in the city’s comprehensive plan, Policy TR-39.

B. “A-weighted sound level” means the sound pressure level in decibels measured using the “A”-weighted network on a sound level meter as specified by the American National Standards Institute specification for sound level meters as now existing or as hereafter amended or modified. The level so read is designated dBA.

C. “Construction” means any site preparation (including blasting), assembly, erection, demolition, substantial repair, alteration, or similar action for or of public or private rights-of-way, structures, utilities or similar property.

D. “Decibel (dB)” means a unit for measuring the volume of sound.

E. “EDNA” means environmental designation for noise abatement, which is an area within which maximum permissible noise levels are established by the Washington State Department of Ecology and this code.
F. “Emergency work” means work required to restore property to a safe condition following a public calamity, work required to protect persons or property from imminent exposure to danger, or work by private or public utilities to provide or restore immediately necessary utility service.

G. “Generator, portable” means an electricity-generating device that is not permanently mounted and uses temporary wiring to supply electrical service.

H. “Generator, stationary” means an electricity-generating device with noise attenuation that is permanently mounted and uses permanent wiring to supply electrical service.

I. “Heavy equipment” means backhoes, concrete mixing and pumping trucks, compactors/rollers, cranes, dozers, dump trucks, excavators, forklifts, graders, jackhammers, loaders, pavement breakers, pile drivers, portable crushers, tractors, trailer-mounted woodchippers, trenchers, or other pieces of equipment that generate similar levels of noise.

J. “Impulsive sound” means sound of short duration, usually less than one second, with an abrupt onset and rapid decay, with a peak value exceeding the ambient level by more than 10 dBA.

K. “Ldn” means the day-night average sound level which is a 24-hour energy average of the A-weighted sound pressure level where 10 dBA is added to nighttime noise levels from 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. before averaging.

L. “Legal holiday” means Sundays and holidays as defined by the city of Bellevue and in RCW 1.16.050 as now exists or as hereafter amended or modified.

M. “Leq” means the equivalent A-weighted sound level which is the constant sound level that, in a given situation and time period, conveys the same sound energy as the actual time-varying A-weighted sound.

N. “Noise disturbance” means any sound which annoys, disturbs, or perturbs reasonable persons with normal sensitivities; or any sound which unreasonably injures or endangers the comfort, repose, health, hearing, peace, or safety of persons or animals.

O. “Person responsible for the violation” means any person who is required by the applicable regulation to comply therewith, or who commits any act or omission which is a violation or causes or permits a violation to occur or remain upon property in the city, and includes but is not limited to owner(s), lessor(s), tenant(s), or other person(s) entitled to control, use and/or occupy property where a violation occurs.

P. “Pure tone component” means any sound which can be distinctly heard as a single pitch or a set of single pitches. A pure tone shall exist if the one-third octave band sound pressure level in the band with the tone exceeds the arithmetic average of the sound pressure levels of the two contiguous one-third octave bands by five decibels for center frequencies of 500 Hz and above, by eight decibels for center frequencies between 160 Hz and 400 Hz, and by 15 decibels for center frequencies less than or equal to 125 Hz.

Q. “Receiving property” means real property within which sound originating from outside the property is received.

R. “Sound amplification equipment” means any machine or device for the amplification of the human voice, music or any other noise or sound.

S. “Sound level” means a weighted sound pressure level measured by the use of a sound level meter using an A-weighted network and reported as decibels, dBA.

T. “Sound level meter” means a device which measures sound pressure levels and conforms to Type I, S1A, Type II or S2A, as specified in the American National Standards Institute Specification Section 1.4 (1971) as now exists or as hereafter amended or modified.
U. “Warning device” means any device intended to provide public warning of potentially hazardous, emergency or illegal activities, including but not limited to a burglar alarm or vehicle backup signal.

V. “Weekday” means any day Monday through Friday which is not a legal holiday.

W. “Weekend” means Saturday, Sunday and any legal holiday. (Ord. 5719 § 3, 2007; Ord. 5300 § 1, 2001; Ord. 5194 § 1, 2000; Ord. 4996 § 3, 1997; Ord. 4241 § 2, 1991.)

9.18.020 Exemptions.

A. The following sounds are exempt from the provisions of this chapter:

1. Sounds caused by natural phenomena or wildlife; and

2. Unamplified sounds created by domestic animals as permitted by BCC Title 20, or as regulated by Chapter 8.04 BCC; and

3. Sounds created by emergency equipment and work necessary for law enforcement or for the health, welfare and safety of the community; and

4. Sounds created by portable generators during periods when there is no electrical service available from the primary supplier due to natural disaster or power outage; and

5. Sounds created by stationary generators that do not exceed a sound level of 75 dBA at any property line during periods when there is no electrical service available from the primary supplier due to natural disaster or power outage; and

6. Sounds originating from aircraft in flight; and

7. Sounds created by motor vehicles when regulated by Chapter 173-62 WAC; and

8. Sounds created by watercraft when regulated by Chapter 173-70 WAC; and

9. Sounds created by surface carriers engaged in interstate commerce by railroad; and

10. Sounds created by safety and protective warning devices where noise suppression would render the device ineffective; and

11. Sounds created by existing electrical substations and stationary equipment used to convey water, wastewater or natural gas by a utility; and

12. Sounds from existing industrial installations which exceed standards contained in these regulations and which, over the previous three years, have consistently operated in excess of 15 hours per day as a consequence of normal necessity and/or demonstrated routine normal operation. Changes in working hours, which would increase the average day-night sound level (Ldn), require written approval of the director of the development services department; and

13. Sounds, including sounds created by sound amplification equipment, emanating from any event or activity, for which a permit has been issued pursuant to Chapter 3.43 or 14.50 BCC; provided, that sound created by sound amplification equipment from such event shall be exempt only if the permit issued pursuant to Chapter 3.43 or 14.50 BCC authorized the use of sound amplification equipment and such use was in compliance with all terms and conditions of the permit; and

14. Sounds created by sound amplification equipment which have been approved through, and are in compliance with all terms and conditions of, a conditional use permit pursuant to Chapter 20.30B LUC.
B. The following sounds are exempt from the provisions of this chapter at all times if the receiving property is in Class B and Class C EDNAs, and between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on weekdays and 9:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on weekends if the receiving property is located in a Class A EDNA (except as noted below):

1. Sounds created by bells, chimes and carillons not operating continuously for more than five minutes in any one hour; and

2. Sounds created by the repair or installation of essential utility services and streets; and

3. Construction sounds relating to temporary repairs, additions, remodels, or maintenance projects on existing single-family homes, grounds and appurtenances. Construction sounds related to the above activities must cease by 8:00 p.m., (except that sounds created by heavy equipment will be regulated pursuant to the construction noise exemption contained in subsection C of this section); and

4. Sounds emanating from discharge of firearms on legally established shooting ranges; and

5. Sounds created by repairing, rebuilding, modifying, operating or testing any motor vehicle or internal combustion engine (except for portable and stationary generators located in a Class A EDNA which are exempt only during the hours of 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. daily when electrical service is available from the primary supplier and except for heavy equipment, which will be regulated pursuant to the construction noise exemption contained in subsection C of this section); and

6. Sounds created by commercial business activity including, but not limited to: handling containers and materials; or sweeping parking lots and streets (except sweeping parking lots of businesses engaged in retail trade as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual is exempt until 12:00 midnight); or boarding domestic animals (except expanded hours of operation may be authorized by the applicable department director).

C. Sounds created by construction and emanating from construction sites are exempt from the provisions of this chapter between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on weekdays, and 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays which are not legal holidays. Sounds emanating from construction sites on Sundays or legal holidays or outside of the exempt work hours are prohibited pursuant to BCC 9.18.040 unless expanded hours of operation are authorized by the applicable department director subject to the following criteria. Approval of expanded exempt hours may be authorized if:

1. Necessary to accommodate transportation mitigation such as evening haul routes; construction on schools and essential government facilities which cannot be undertaken during exempt hours; construction activities and site stabilization in the fall prior to the onset of winter weather; or emergency work; or

2. Sounds created by construction will not exceed the maximum permissible environmental noise levels contained in BCC 9.18.030 as verified by sound level monitoring conducted before and during construction by a qualified acoustic consultant.

D. Sounds created by sound amplification equipment, and not otherwise permitted pursuant to BCC 9.18.020(A)(13) are exempt from the provisions of this chapter between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. pursuant to a permit issued by the director of the department of planning and community development. Use of sound amplification equipment may be authorized by the director of the department of planning and community development pursuant to BCC 9.18.045A.

E. Sounds originating from public parks, playgrounds, and recreation areas are exempt from the provisions of this chapter during the hours the parks, playgrounds or recreation areas are open for public use as established under Chapter 3.43 BCC, as now existing or hereafter amended and modified.
F. The sounds in subsections B, D and E of this section are subject to the maximum permissible environmental sound levels in BCC 9.18.030 and the noise disturbance provisions in BCC 9.18.040 at all times other than when they are specifically exempt or authorized.

G. Nothing in these exemptions is intended to preclude the applicable department director through the authority of the State Environmental Policy Act from requiring installation of the best available noise abatement technology consistent with feasibility. (Ord. 5897 § 3, 2009; Ord. 5821 § 14, 2008; Ord. 5719 § 4, 2007; Ord. 5300 § 2, 2001; Ord. 5194 § 2, 2000; Ord. 4996 §§ 4, 5, 1997; Ord. 4277 § 1, 1991; Ord. 4241 § 3, 1991; Ord. 3491 § 1, 1985.)

9.18.025 Identification of environments.

A. Environmental designations for noise abatement are as follows:

1. Residential land use district: Class A EDNA;
2. Commercial land use district: Class B EDNA;
3. Industrial land use district: Class C EDNA.

B. The land use districts listed in the city of Bellevue Land Use Code, BCC Title 20, are classified for the purposes of this chapter as follows:

3. Industrial land use district: LI, GC, BR-GC. (Ord. 5878 § 1, 2009; Ord. 5719 § 5, 2007; Ord. 5300 § 3, 2001; Ord. 4241 § 4, 1991.)

9.18.030 Maximum permissible environmental noise levels.

A. No person shall cause or permit sound to intrude onto the real property of another person which exceeds the maximum permissible sound levels established by this chapter. The point of measurement shall be at the property boundary of the receiving property or anywhere within.

B. For sound sources located within the city, the maximum permissible sound sources are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum Permissible Sound Levels by Receiving Property</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EDNA of Noise Source</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Class A (dBA)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Class A</td>
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<tr>
<td>Class B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class C</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

C. Modifications to maximum permissible sound levels are as follows:
1. Reduce by 10 dBA, nights, 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m., for receiving property in Class A EDNAs; and

2. Reduce by five dBA for impulsive or pure tone sounds for any receiving property at any time; and

3. Increase for short duration for any receiving property at any time:
   a. Increase by five dBA for 15 minutes in any one-hour period; or
   b. Increase by 10 dBA for five minutes in any one-hour period; or
   c. Increase by 15 dBA for 1.5 minutes in any one-hour period; and

4. Increase by 10 dBA for the operation of sound amplification equipment operated in compliance with a permit issued pursuant to BCC 9.18.020D.

D. If the measurements of sound are made with a sound level meter, the instrument shall be in good operating condition and shall meet the requirements for a Type I or Type II instrument, as described in American National Standards Institute Specifications as now exist or as hereafter amended or modified. If the measurements are made with other instruments, or assemblages of instruments, the procedure must be carried out in such manner that the overall accuracy shall be at least that called for in the National Standards Institute Specifications.

E. Where a receiving property lies within more than one EDNA, the maximum permissible sound level shall be determined by the most noise-sensitive EDNA. (Ord. 5719 § 6, 2007; Ord. 4241 § 5, 1991; Ord. 3491 § 1, 1985.)

9.18.040 Noise disturbances.

A. All noise disturbances, defined in BCC 9.18.015 and not exempt under BCC 9.18.020, are prohibited at all times. The content of the sound will not be considered in determining a violation. The following acts are considered to be noise disturbances, if the noise is clearly audible across a real property boundary, or at least 75 feet from the source:

1. Operating or playing, or permitting the operating or playing of, any audio equipment, television set, musical instrument and similar device, whether portable or stationary or mounted on or within a motor vehicle;

2. Creating loud and raucous, and frequent, repetitive, or continuous sounds with the human voice;

3. Intentional sounding or permitting the sounding outdoors of any emergency warning device where an actual emergency does not exist; provided, that sounds created during maintenance or testing of such emergency warning devices does not constitute a noise disturbance;

4. Permitting any sounds to emanate from a construction site outside the hours that construction sounds are exempt from the provisions of this chapter or outside expanded hours authorized by the applicable department director pursuant to BCC 9.18.020C;

5. Operating sound amplification equipment not in compliance with a permit issued pursuant to BCC 9.18.045A or a conditional use permit issued pursuant to Chapter 20.30B LUC;

6. The foregoing enumeration of acts shall not be construed as excluding other acts which may constitute noise disturbances.

7. Sounds which do not exceed the maximum environmental noise levels set forth in BCC 9.18.030 may constitute noise disturbances. (Ord. 5719 § 7, 2007; Ord. 4996 § 6, 1997; Ord. 4241 § 6, 1991; Ord. 3491 § 1, 1985.)

The city council finds that noise originating from multiple sources in Robinsglen Community Park and the Lake Hills Greenbelt Access Area in the Phantom Lake area, which areas are described in this section, disturbs the peace and quiet of adjacent residential areas. The council therefore designates the Park and Access Area as quiet zones. The quiet zones are legally described as follows:

Robinsglen Community Park:

**Parcel A:**

Beginning at the southeast corner of the southeast 1/4 of the northeast 1/4 in Section 2, Township 24 North, Range 5 East, W.M., thence north 165 feet more or less to the centerline of southeast 16th Street; thence west 36 feet; thence southwesterly 180 feet more or less to a point 108 feet west of the point of beginning; thence east 108 feet to the point of beginning; EXCEPT the north 30 feet for road:

**Parcel B:**

The east 1/2 of the northeast 1/4 of the northeast 1/4 of the southeast 1/4 of Section 2, Township 24 North, Range 5 East, W.M.

All situate in the County of King, State of Washington.

**Lake Hills Greenbelt Access Area**

Township 24 North, Range 5 East W.M., Section 2

A tract of land situated in the North half of the Southwest quarter of the Southeast quarter (N 1/2 SW 1/4 SE 1/4) of said Section 2, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the South quarter corner of said Section 2; thence North 1° 36' 02" East 1321.45 feet to a one sixteenth (1/16) corner; thence South 88° 34' 32" East 30.00 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; thence South 88° 34' 32" East 799.50 feet to an inaccessible point in Phantom Lake; thence South 1° 25' 28" West 100.00 feet to another point in the lake; thence North 88° 34' 32" West 799.50 feet; thence North 1° 25' 28" East 100.00 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING, Containing in all 1.84 acres. (Bearings of section lines taken from King County Engineer’s records.)

(Ord. 3799 § 1, 1987.)

9.18.042 Noise prohibited in quiet zones.

The following acts when committed in the quiet zones designated in BCC 9.18.041 are prohibited:

A. Radios, tape players, musical instruments or sound amplification equipment as defined in BCC 9.14.010. Using, operating, playing or permitting to be used, operated or played any radio, tape player, television, musical instrument, record player or any other machine or device producing or reproducing sound in such a manner as to:

1. Disturb the peace, quiet, and comfort of the persons within or inhabitants adjacent to the quiet zone, or
2. Generate sound with a volume that is audible at a distance of over 30 feet from the machine or device;

B. Horns, signaling devices, etc.: The continuous or repetitive sounding of any horn or signaling device on any automobile, motorcycle, or other vehicle on any street or public place in such quiet zone, except as permitted by traffic laws or to sound a danger warning. (Ord. 3799 § 1, 1987.)

9.18.043 Quiet zone signs.
The areas designated as quiet zones in BCC 9.18.041 shall be clearly marked by signs that state in substance:

Quiet zone, use of radios, tape players, musical instruments or sound amplification equipment as defined in BCC 9.14.010 prohibited if audible over a distance of 30 feet away from the radio, tape player, musical instrument or sound amplification equipment.

(Ord. 3799 § 1, 1987.)

9.18.044 Posting notice of construction hours – When required.

A sign providing notice of the limitation on construction hours contained in BCC 9.18.020C shall be posted on construction sites prior to commencement of any new commercial or single-family construction or commercial addition. Notice signs are not required prior to commencement of additions or maintenance to existing single-family homes. The director of the department of planning and community development shall establish standards for size, color, layout, design, wording and placement of the signs. (Ord. 5719 § 8, 2007; Ord. 4996 § 7, 1997.)

9.18.045 Development restrictions.

Repealed by Ord. 5719. (Ord. 4241 § 7, 1991.)

9.18.045A Sound amplification permits.

A. Any person desiring to operate sound amplification equipment consistent with BCC 9.18.020(D) and the owner of property on which such equipment is proposed to be operated shall jointly file with the director of the department of planning and community development an application for a permit at least one week in advance of the date on which sound amplification equipment is proposed to be operated and shall provide the following information:

1. The name and address of the sound amplification equipment operator, and a phone number where the operator can be reached during the time when the sound amplification equipment is proposed to be in use;

2. The name and address of the property owner for the location described in subsection (A)(3) of this section if different from the operator, and a phone number where the property owner can be reached during the time when the sound amplification equipment is proposed to be in use;

3. A statement describing the address and location at which the sound amplification equipment will be in operation;

4. A general description of the sound amplification equipment and the purposes for which it is to be used; and

5. A statement designating the proposed time during which the sound amplification equipment will be in operation.

B. Use of sound amplification equipment may be authorized by the director of the department of planning and community development subject to the following criteria:

1. The use of sound amplification equipment shall not be allowed on Sundays or legal holidays;

2. The use of amplified sound equipment shall not be allowed at the same location or on the same property on more than four days in any calendar week;

3. Amplified sound shall be subject to the maximum permissible noise levels for amplified sound set forth in BCC 9.18.030;

4. Amplified sound shall be subject to the quiet zone prohibitions in BCC 9.18.042; and
5. No person shall operate or cause to be operated within the city any sound amplification equipment, the sound from which is plainly audible to occupants of a school during school hours or a hospital at any time; provided, that this section does not apply to the operation of sound amplification equipment on school or hospital grounds. (Ord. 5719 § 10, 2007.)

9.18.045B Development restrictions.

A. New residential structures shall not be approved for construction if the exterior Ldn anywhere along the proposed building lines of the structure exceeds 65 dBA unless sound attenuation measures are incorporated into the site design and/or the design and construction plans of the structure which are intended to reduce the maximum interior Ldn as follows:

1. Forty dBA or lower for sleeping areas; and
2. Forty-five dBA or lower for nonsleeping areas.

B. Play area equipment shall not be installed as part of an exterior public or private community recreation area if the exterior Leq (daytime) at the play area site exceeds 55 dBA unless sound attenuation measures including, but not limited to, berms, barriers and/or buildings are incorporated into the site design which are intended to reduce the maximum exterior Leq (daytime) to 55 dBA or lower.

C. Arterial improvement requirements in Class A EDNAs are as follows:

1. In Class A EDNAs, arterial improvement projects not including the addition of walkways, bicycle lanes and minor widening must include a noise analysis of the affected environment by a qualified noise consultant if:
   a. The existing exterior noise level exceeds 67 dBA peak hour Leq; or
   b. The projected exterior noise level as a result of the project is estimated to increase beyond 67 dBA peak hour Leq; or
   c. The exterior noise level is expected to increase by five dBA more as a result of the project.

2. The point of exterior noise level measurement for purposes of this subsection will be five feet above existing grade anywhere along a parallel line 60 feet on either side of the arterial centerline.

3. Noise mitigation measures, intended to reduce exterior noise levels to 60 dBA Ldn or lower, will be approved by the director of design and development if the cost of noise mitigation is included in the CIP budget, or by the city council if additional funds for noise mitigation are required, in consideration of the following factors:
   a. Whether reasonable noise mitigation measures are available which will reduce exterior noise levels by three dBA or more; and
   b. Whether the financial impacts of noise mitigation measures are not disproportionate to the overall cost of the arterial improvement project; and
   c. Whether benefited property owners contribute to the cost of mitigation; provided, that this factor only applies if existing exterior noise levels exceed 67 dBA peak hour Leq; and
   d. Whether the benefited community is supportive of noise mitigation measures. (Ord. 5719 § 11, 2007.)

9.18.046 Variance.

A property owner, or authorized agent of the property owner, may request a variance from the provisions of this
Chapter 9.18 NOISE CONTROL

9.18.050 Violation – Penalty.

A. Violations – Unlawful. The violation or failure to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter is declared to be unlawful.

B. Civil Noise Infraction. Any violation of the provisions of BCC 9.18.040 or 9.18.042 is a civil noise infraction as provided for in Chapter 7.80 RCW. If a person violates the provisions of BCC 9.18.040 or 9.18.042, a citation may be issued assessing a monetary penalty in the amount of $250.00.

C. Civil Violations. A violation of the provisions of BCC 9.18.030, 9.18.040(A)(4), 9.18.040(A)(5) or 9.18.045B is a civil violation as provided for in Chapter 1.18 BCC. A person responsible for the violation of the provisions of BCC 9.18.030, 9.18.040(A)(4), 9.18.040(A)(5) or 9.18.045B may be assessed a monetary penalty and required to perform abatement as provided for in Chapter 1.18 BCC.

D. Criminal Violations. In addition to or as an alternative to any other penalty provided in this chapter or by law, any person who violates the provisions of this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor. (Ord. 5719 § 12, 2007; Ord. 5300 § 4, 2001; Ord. 4996 § 8, 1997; Ord. 4241 § 9, 1991; Ord. 3491 § 1, 1985.)

9.18.060 Administration and authority.

A. Administration. The director of the development services department shall be responsible for the administration of this chapter.

B. Enforcement.

1. Civil Noise Infractions. The police department shall be responsible for the enforcement of provisions of this chapter relating to noise disturbances (including associated exemptions) and noise in quiet zones, and is authorized to issue, serve and file notices of civil noise infractions for violations of BCC 9.18.040 and 9.18.042.

2. Civil Violations. The director of the development services department shall be responsible for the enforcement of provisions of this chapter relating to stationary noise sources, maximum permissible noise levels and development restrictions, and is authorized to issue civil violations for violations of BCC 9.18.030, 9.18.040(A)(4), 9.18.040(A)(5) and 9.18.045B.

3. Construction Hours Posting. The building official shall be responsible for the enforcement of BCC 9.18.044 relating to the posting of construction hours as provided for in Chapter 23.05 BCC. (Ord. 5821 § 15, 2008; Ord. 5719 § 13, 2007; Ord. 5300 § 5, 2001; Ord. 4996 § 9, 1997; Ord. 4241 § 10, 1991.)


Repealed by Ord. 4996. (Ord. 4241 § 11, 1991.)

9.18.080 Construction – Severability.

A. This chapter shall be liberally construed to carry out its broad purposes.

B. If any provision of this chapter is held to be unconstitutional, preempted by federal or state law, or otherwise invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions of the chapter shall not be invalidated. (Ord. 4241 § 12, 1991.)
The Bellevue City Code is current through Ordinance 6290, passed May 16, 2016, and Resolution 9100, passed May 16, 2016.

Disclaimer: The City Clerk's Office has the official version of the Bellevue City Code. Users should contact the City Clerk's Office for ordinances passed subsequent to the ordinance cited above.